# The Materials Genome Initiative, Data, Open Science, and NIST

James A Warren

Technical Program Director for Materials Genomics

Material Measurement Laboratory

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Executive Secretary, NSTC Subcommittee on MGI

Science advances one funeral at a time -Max Planck
The Perfect is the Enemy of the Good -Voltaire

#### NIST's Mission

To promote U.S. innovation and industrial competitiveness by advancing

measurement science, standards, and technology

in ways that enhance economic security and improve our quality of life



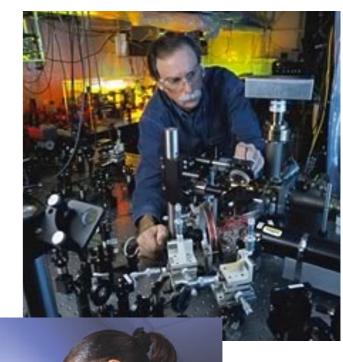
#### NIST at a Glance

#### **Major Assets**

- ~ 2800 employees ~(50/50 technical/admin)
- ~ 2600 associates and facilities users
- ~ 1600 field staff in partner organizations (Manufacturing Extension Partnership)

#### **Major Programs**

- NIST Laboratories
- Baldrige Performance Excellence Program
- Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership



© Geoffrey Whe

#### NIST Products and Services

#### **Measurement Research**

#### **Standard Reference Data**

- **™** ~ 100 different types
- **©** ~ 6,000 units sold per year





#### **Standard Reference Materials**

- ~ 1,300 products available
- ~ 30,000 units sold per year

#### **Calibration Tests**

• ~ 18,000 tests per year

#### **Laboratory Accreditation**

 ~ 800 accreditations of testing and calibration **laboratories** 

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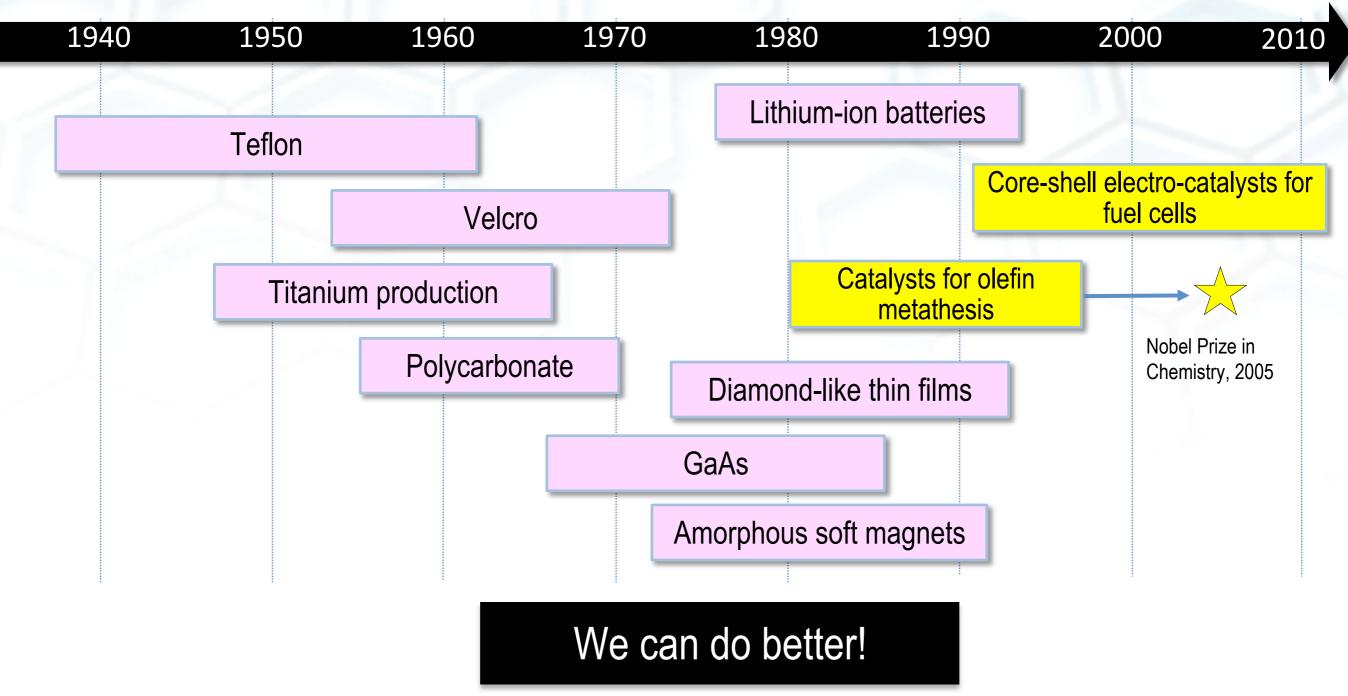
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#### LAG FROM DISCOVERY TO APPLICATION OF NEW MATERIALS...



After Gerd Ceder (MIT); materials information from T. W. Eagar and M. King, Technology Review 98 (2), 42 (1995). Catalysis information from R. Schrock et al. and R. Adzic et al.



## THE MATERIALS GENOME INITIATIVE: A NATIONAL PRIORITY

"To help businesses discover, develop, and deploy new materials twice as fast, we're launching what we call the Materials Genome Initiative.

The invention of silicon circuits and lithium ion batteries made computers and iPods and iPads possible, but it took years to get those technologies from the drawing board to the market place.

We can do it faster."

-President Obama (6/11)





There are two groups of people that don't like the name Materials Genome Initiative

### THE MATERIALS GENOME INITIATIVE

to decrease time-to-market by 50% while <\$\$

Materials Genome Initiative for Global Competitiveness

June 2011



Develop a Materials Innovation Infrastructure

Achieve National goals in energy, security, and human welfare with advanced materials

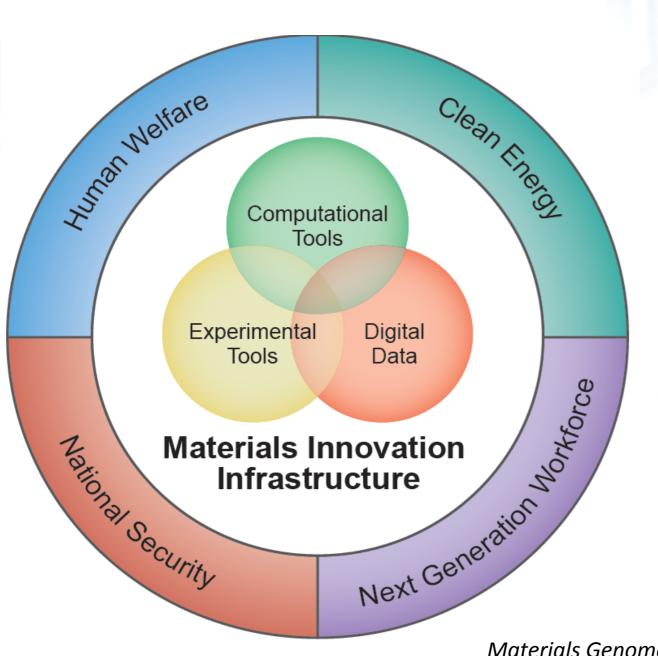
Equip the next generation materials workforce

Materials Genome Initiative for Global Competitiveness



### THE MATERIALS GENOME INITIATIVE

to decrease time-to-market by 50% while <\$\$



Develop a Materials Innovation Infrastructure

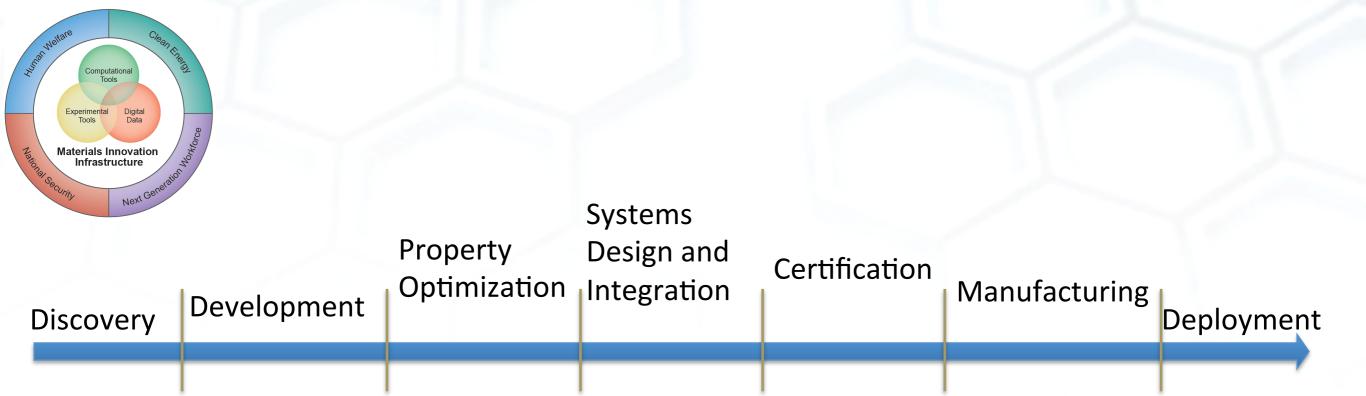
Achieve National goals in energy, security, and human welfare with advanced materials

Equip the next generation materials workforce

Materials Genome Initiative for Global Competitiveness

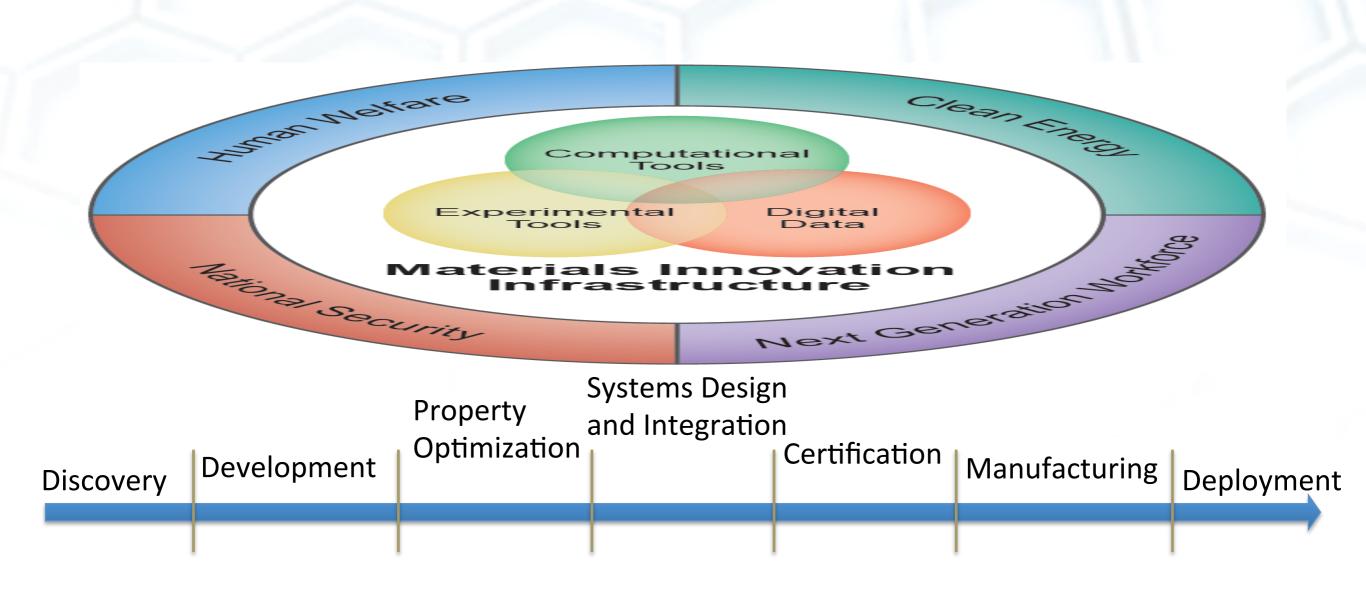


## **DESIGNING MATERIALS TODAY**



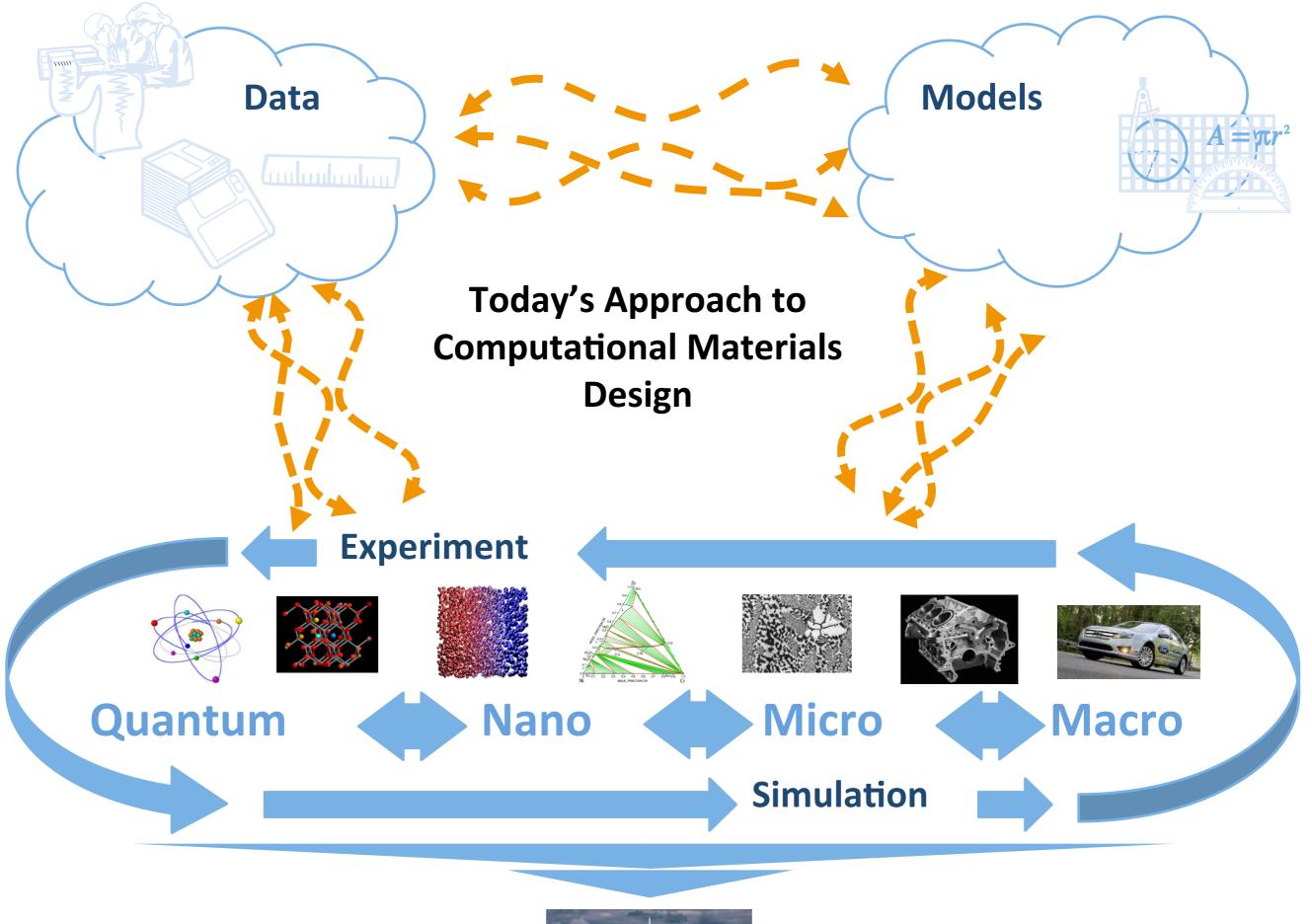


### **DESIGNING NEW MATERIALS IN THE FUTURE**





## Formulating the NIST Role in MGI





## SCOPE: Goals of Initiative at NIST

To foster widespread adoption of the MGI Paradigm both across and within the multitude of materials development ecosystems

Goal 1: NIST establishes *essential* materials data and model exchange protocols

Goal 2: NIST establishes the *means to*ensure the quality of materials data and models

Goal 3: NIST establishes new methods, metrologies and capabilities necessary for accelerated materials development.

## Enable & Enhance Exchange

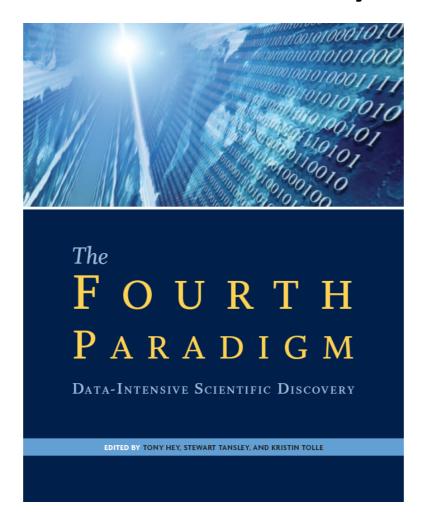
- Develop and deploy repositories
- Develop and disseminate materials informatics infrastructure
  - -Enable data discovery through tools and standards
  - Capture data from scientific workflows and archival sources
  - Engage with stakeholders to determine needs and disseminate best practices
- Integrate across length and time scale
- Build and Test infrastructure through Pilots

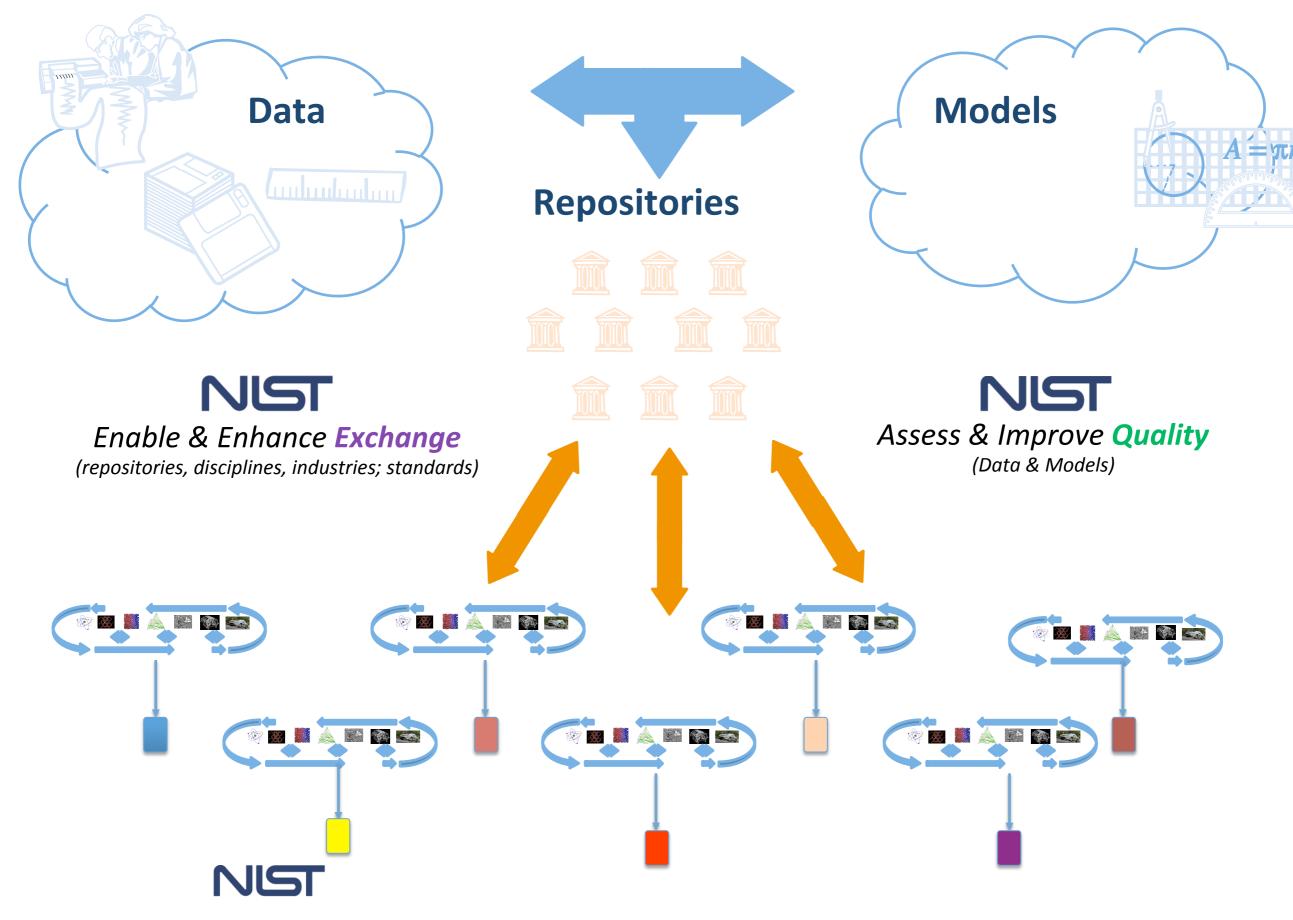
## Assess & Improve Quality

- Validate Experiments and Models
- Verify Model accuracy
- Quantify Uncertainty
- Quantify Sensitivity
- Define Next Generation of Experiments and Models

## New Methods and Metrologies

- Develop Data Driven Materials Science
- Integrate with Modeling Expertise
- Enable Crowdsourced/Open Science
- Achieve targets in Materials by Design/ICME





**New Methods and Metrologies** 

(data driven analysis and models)

**Materials w/ Targeted Properties** 

## Data Sharing is Important Beyond MGI & NIST

OSTP "Public Access" Memo Feb 22, 2013

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20502

February 22, 2013

OMB "Open Data" Memo May 9, 2013

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

May 9, 2013

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

FROM:

ohn P. Holdren

SUBJECT: Increasing Access to the Results of Federally Funded Scientific Research

For Immediate Release

Executive Order May 9, 2013 M-13-13

THE DIRECTOR

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

FROM:

Sylvia M Rurwell. A. M

#### 1. Policy Principles

The Administration is committed to ensuring that, to constraints possible and consistent with law and the federally funded scientific research are made available the scientific community. Such results include peer-

Scientific research supported by the Federal Govern drive our economy. The results of that research becc for progress in areas such as health, energy, the envi

Access to digital data sets resulting from federally fi resources and efforts on understanding and exploitin data underpins the forecasting industry, and making spawned many biotechnology innovations. In additional publications and scientific data in digital formats wi services related to curation, preservation, analysis, a publications and data for re-use through preservation the impact and accountability of the Federal research scientific breakthroughs and innovation, promote en growth and job creation.

#### Executive Order -- Making Open and Machine Readable the New Default for Government Information

EXECUTIVE ORDER

-----

MAKING OPEN AND MACHINE READABLE THE NEW DEFAULT FOR GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. General Principles. Openness in government strengthens our democracy, promotes the delivery of efficient and effective services to the public, and contributes to economic growth. As one vital benefit of open government, making information resources easy to find, accessible, and usable can fuel entrepreneurship, innovation, and scientific discovery that improves Americans' lives and contributes significantly to job creation.

Decades ago, the U.S. Government made both weather data and the Global Positioning System freely available. Since that time, American entrepreneurs and innovators have utilized these resources to create navigation systems, weather newscasts and warning systems, location-based applications, precision farming tools, and much more, improving Americans' lives in countless ways and leading to economic growth and job creation. In recent years, thousands of Government data resources across fields such as health and medicine, education, energy, public safety, global development, and finance have been posted in machine-readable form for free public use on Data.gov. Entrepreneurs and innovators have continued to develop a vast range of useful new products and businesses using these public information resources, creating good jobs in the process.

y/\*\*

ice of Information and Regulatory Affairs

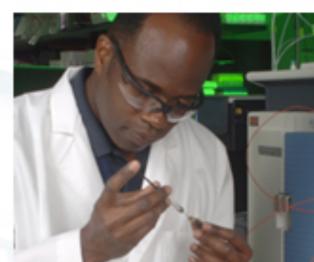
ging Information as an Asset

cource and a strategic asset to the Federal Government, its at the Federal Government is taking full advantage of its and agencies (hereafter referred to as "agencies") must s life cycle to promote openness and interoperability, and Managing government information as an asset will increase e services, support mission needs, safeguard personal luable government information.

sible, discoverable, and usable by the public can help fuel







## Office of Data and Informatics Material Measurement Laboratory

Robert J. Hanisch, ODI Director



MATERIAL MEASUREMENT LABORATORY

## **About ODI**

- Overall goal: establish the technical infrastructure and foster a culture of first-class data management for MML, eventually for all of NIST
- Near term initiatives
  - Update Standard Reference Data collection
    - Web-based user interfaces
    - Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)
  - Implement OMB/OSTP open access data policy
    - Laboratory-wide Data Management Plans
    - NIST-wide Enterprise Data Inventory, data.gov
  - Build solution inventory for data management systems
    - Storage
    - Metadata
    - Electronic Lab Notebooks
- Informatics / data analytics consulting
- ODI works closely with Materials Genome Initiative

end

# Some Initial Partnerships and Modalities

## NIST Data Efforts

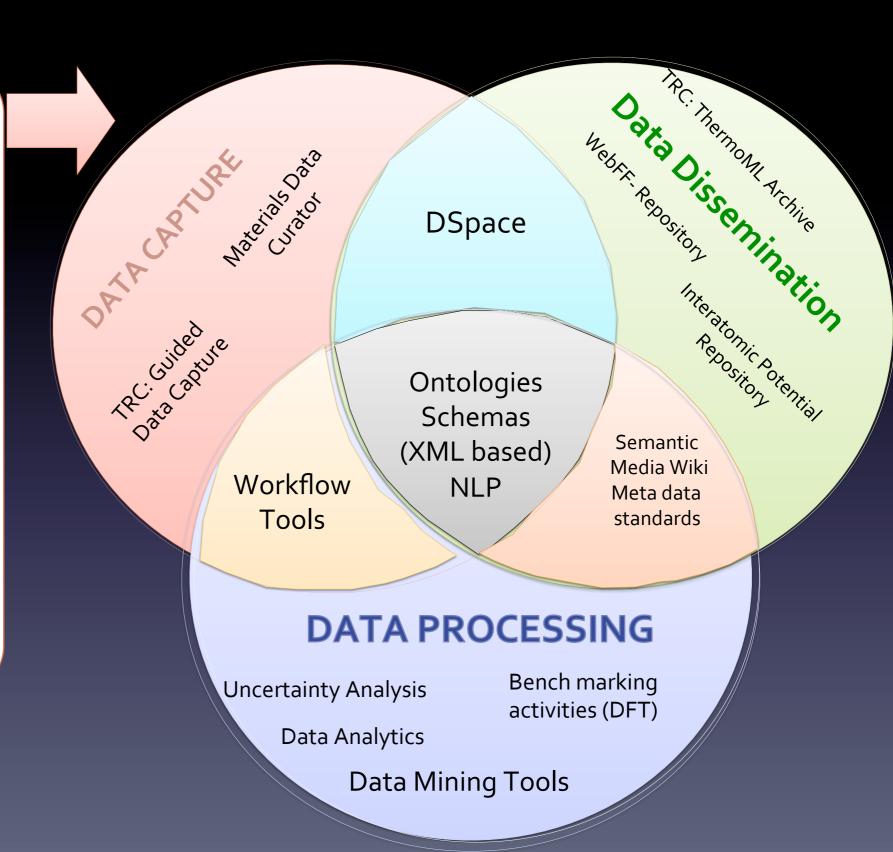
#### **Collaborations**

ASM International: Structural Data Demonstration Project

DOE/EERE Kinetics of Cast Mg Alloys

#### Journals collaboration

- IMMI
- Others under discussion



## Another way of telling the story

- Industry needs good data and models
  - -How do they get them?(exchange)
  - –Can they trust them? (quality)
  - -How can they use them best and who has the talent? (new methods)

## NIST Supports New Open Collaboration Modalities (Move to LinkedIn, Join us!)



## Questions to Consider (MRS/TMS Survey)

- Federal Agencies will soon (or may already) require, the archiving of materials science and engineering research digital data generated with Federal funding. How will you respond? What policies would be achieve the greatest impact?
- What actions should stakeholders (e.g., professional societies, universities, research institutions, libraries, scientific publishers, industry) take to archive key digital data generated in materials science and engineering
- What categories of materials science and engineering digital data would be best maintained by specific stakeholders?
- What role could professional societies play in the development of standards for digital data and metadata for materials science and engineering?
- Are professional societies and peer-reviewed journal editors the most appropriate stakeholder to establish community practices for ensuring digital data discoverability and citation in materials science and engineering?
- What quality metrics are needed (e.g., verification, validation, uncertainty quantification, etc.) to adequately ensure confidence in materials science and engineering data generated from both experiment and computation and how should these metrics be associated with the data set?
- What additional actions can peer-reviewed journals take to ensure materials science and engineering publications well-describe the experimental and computational details associated with generating digital data that are necessary for reproducibility?

## Office of Data and Informatics

#### SRD

- continue existing SRD distribution
- Quality Framework
- SRD Modes
- assess external need
- new product ideas
  - SRMDS
  - data streams
  - alternative delivery methods
- Open Data Initiative
- Open Govt Directive
- Data.gov

#### Research Data

- deal w/ data deluge
- provide advice to MML bench staff
- gather best practices
- interpret external rules & regulations
- reduce redundancy
- promote cooperation
   and coherent action
- manage changes in scholarly publishing
- coordinate with
  - WERB
  - Library
  - JResNIST

#### Lead/Liaison

- partner with ITL
- represent MML
  - NIST committees
  - NSTC & IWGs
  - NIH, NSF, DOE
  - other Fed Govt
  - Research Data Alliance (RDA)
- data standards
- champion proposals
  - budget initiatives
  - IMS
  - inter-agency, RDA

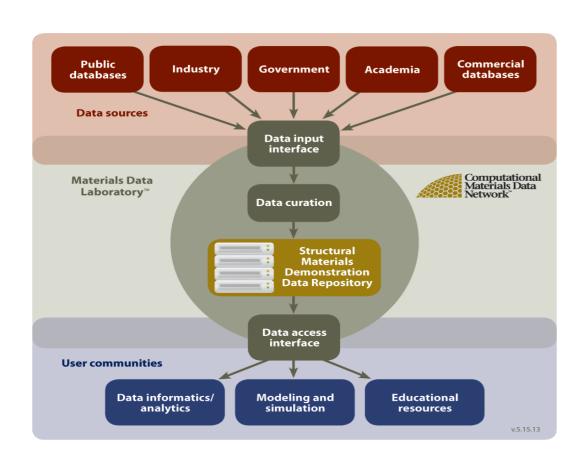
#### **Data Science**

#### The 4th paradigm?

- will it stand next to
  - theoretical
  - experimental
  - computational
- Cloud
- Statistical Learning
- Big Data
- Knowledge Discovery
- · very fast growing
- many new jobs
- new degrees/depts

#### Computational Materials Data Network

## Structural Data Demonstration Project: Al6061



March 2014: Phase 1 release. June 2014: Phase 2 release.

Dec 2014: Project Completion

**Goal:** Establish well-pedigreed and curated demonstration datasets for non-proprietary metallic structural materials data over all length scales.

#### NIST's role

- Provide data schemas and meta-data formats for diffusion and phase equilibria data.
- Provide sample diffusion and phase equilibria data for the Al-Mg-Si system.
- Use expanded TRC Guided Data Capture program with available binary and ternary phase equilibria literature
- Expand use and implementation of DSpace Repository
- Link with developing ontology and semantic web tools











## NIST/DOE Collaboration to Collect Data for Advanced Automotive Cast Mg Alloys - Kinetics



- High-Throughput Study of Diffusion and Phase Transformation Kinetics of Magnesium-Based Systems for Automotive Cast Magnesium Alloys: J-C Zhao and A. Luo, The Ohio State University
- Phase Transformation Kinetics and Alloy Microsegregation in High Pressure Die Cast Mg Alloys: John Allison, University of Michigan
- In-situ Investigation of Microstructural Evolution During Solidification and Heat- Treatment in a Die-Cast Mg Alloy: Aashish Rohatgi, Pacific Northwest Laboratory
- A systematic multiscale modeling and experimental approach to protect grain boundaries in Mg alloys from corrosion: Mark Horstemeyer at Mississippi State and Santanu Chaudhuri at Washington State
- Corrosivity and Passivity of Metastable Mg Alloys --- An Introductory Study to Future Stainless Mg Alloys: Guang-Ling Song, ORNL
- Dealloying, Microstructure and the Corrosion/Protection of Cast Mg Alloys, Karl Sieradzki, Arizona State U.

















## New Research Data Alliance IG

RDA/CODATA Materials Data, Infrastructure & Interoperability IG

James A Warren and Laura Bartolo, Co-Chairs

#### **National Data Service**

**ABOUT** 

HOME

- 1

**EVENTS** 

WIKI

**GET INVOLVED** 



#### THE NATIONAL DATA SERVICE

The National Data Service is an emerging vision of how scientists and researchers across all disciplines can find, reuse, and publish data. It is an international federation of data providers, data aggregators, community-specific federations, publishers, and cyberinfrastructure providers. It builds on the data archiving and sharing efforts under way within specific communities and links them together with a common set of tools.

#### VISION

It is widely believed that ubiquitous digital information will transform the very nature of research and education. The reasons for this excitement are clear: In essentially every field of science, simulations, experiments, instruments, observations, sensors, and/or surveys are generating exponentially growing data volumes. Information from different sources and fields can be combined to permit new modes of discovery. Data, including critical metadata and associated software models, can capture the precise scientific content of the processes that generated them, permitting analysis, reuse, and reproducibility. By digitizing communication among scientists and citizens, discoverable and shareable data

#### NEWS.

#### The launch of Materials Data Facility in support of Materials Genome Initiative

/IG 10 1

The National Data Service Consortium to launch a materials data facility for the advancement of materials science research through open data access and sharing. Read more

can enable collaboration and support repurposing for new discoveries and cross-disciplinary research enabled by data sharing across communities. Open, shareable data also promise to transform education, society, and economic development.

However, while some communities are making progress in developing discipline-specific data services, the U.S. and international scientific communities lack a unified framework and supporting services for storing, sharing, and publishing data; for locating data; or for verifying data. More specifically, we are lacking standard means of

### https://materialsdata.nist.gov/



NIST Repositories → Community List

#### **NIST Repositories**

The National Institute of Standards and Technology is establishing essential data exchange protocols and mechanisms for widespread adoption to ensure quality materials data and models and to foster data sharing and reuse.

#### Computational File Repository

- Atomistics Simulations
- CALPHAD Assessments
- First Principles Simulations
- Other Computational Methods

#### Experimental Data Repository

- Diffusion Data
- Mechanical Properties
- Other Experimental Data
- Phase Equilibria and Thermodynamic Data

#### NIST/DOE-EERE Advanced Automotive Cast Magnesium Alloys

- A systematic multiscale modeling and experimental approach to protect grain boundaries in magnesium alloys from corrosion
- Corrosivity and Passivity of Metastable Mg Alloys
- Dealloying, Microstructure and the Corrosion/Protection of Cast Magnesium Alloys
- High-Throughput Study of Diffusion and Phase Transformation Kinetics of Mg-Based Systems
- In-situ Investigation of Microstructural Evolution During Solidification and Heat-Treatment in a Die-Cast Magnesium Alloy
- Phase Transformation Kinetics and Alloy Microsegregation in High Pressure Die Cast Magnesium Alloys
- NIST Thermodynamics and Kinetics Test Space

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# NIST Center of Excellence for Advanced Materials



## THE MGI SUBCOMMITTEE (SMGI)

## who we are

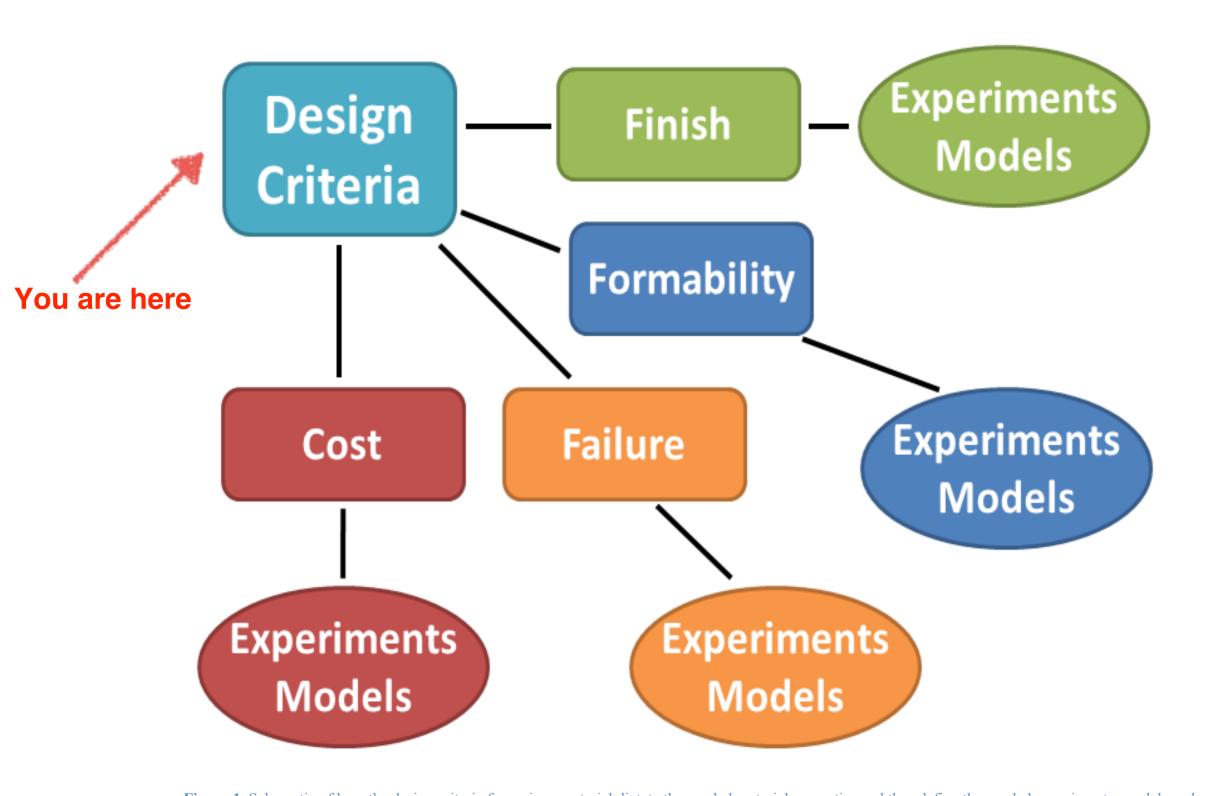
- MGI Subcommittee, Committee on Technology, NSTC
- First meeting April, 2012
- Membership includes the Federal agencies: NIST, DOE, DOD, NSF, NASA, NIH, US Geological Survey, National Nuclear Security Administration, DARPA, National Security Agency, and Office of Management and Budget
- Co-chairs: OSTP (Wadia), NIST (Locascio), DOE (Horton)
- Executive Secretary: NIST (Jim Warren)

## what we do

- Coordinate across government
- Convene stakeholders to engage in strategy: Grand Challenge Summits
- Development of a National Strategy for MGI



## What does a functioning Infrastructure look like?



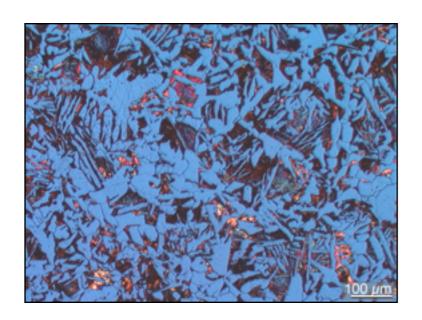
## Why an MGI Now?

#### Materials Are Complicated Systems Modeling is a Challenge

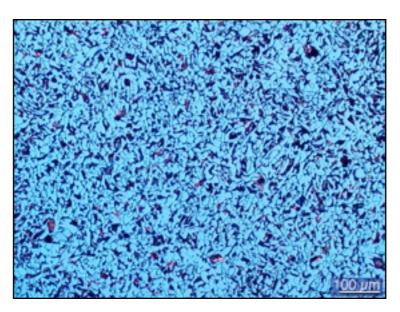
- Advanced materials are complex: multi-component and multi-phase
- Without adequate modeling, informatics and data exchange, the development of next generation materials using empirical approaches is bogged down by their complexity
- The Materials Genome Initiative seeks to advance materials design capabilities to promote faster, cheaper

Alloy cooled from 300 °C

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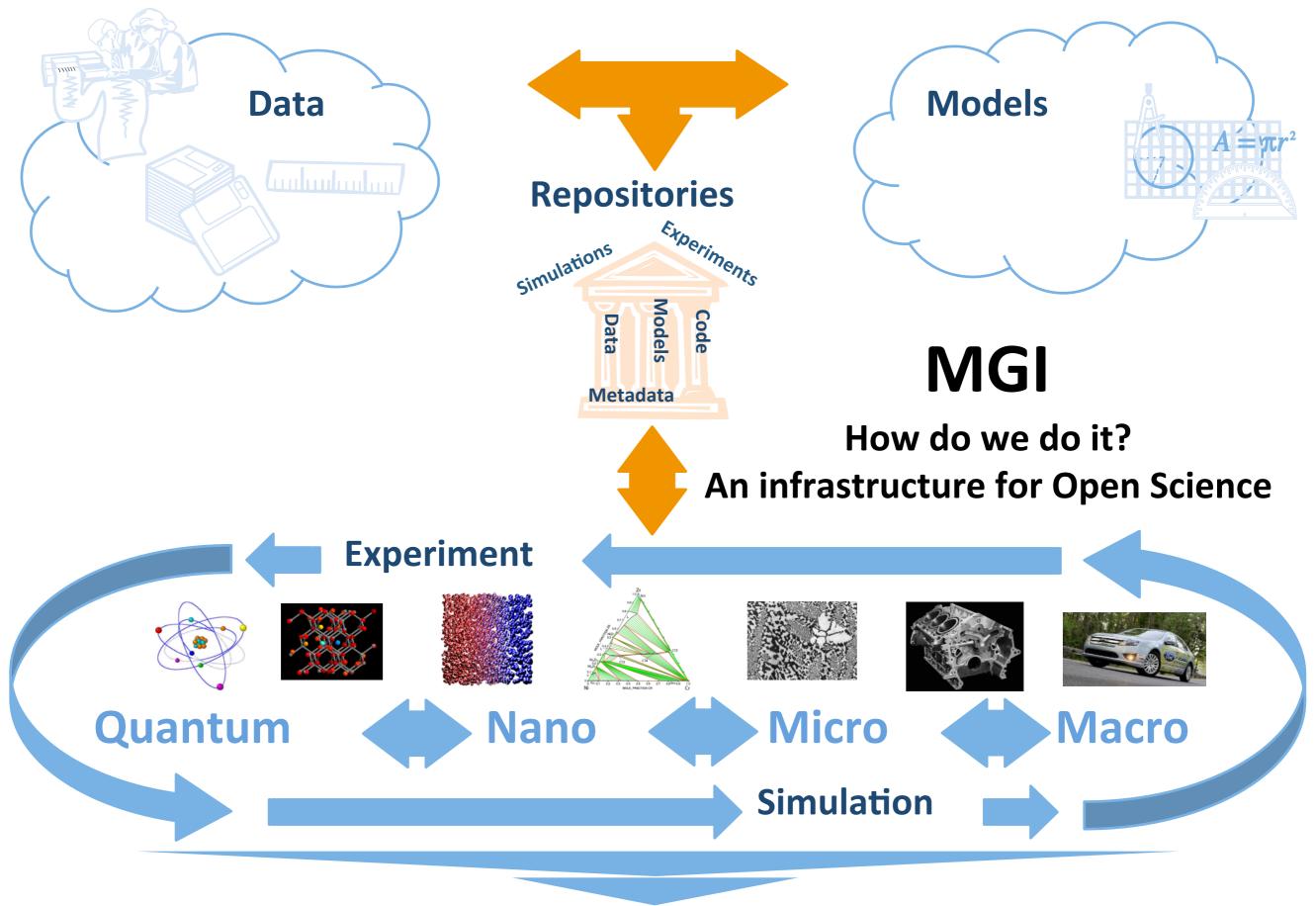


Alloy cooled from 800 °C



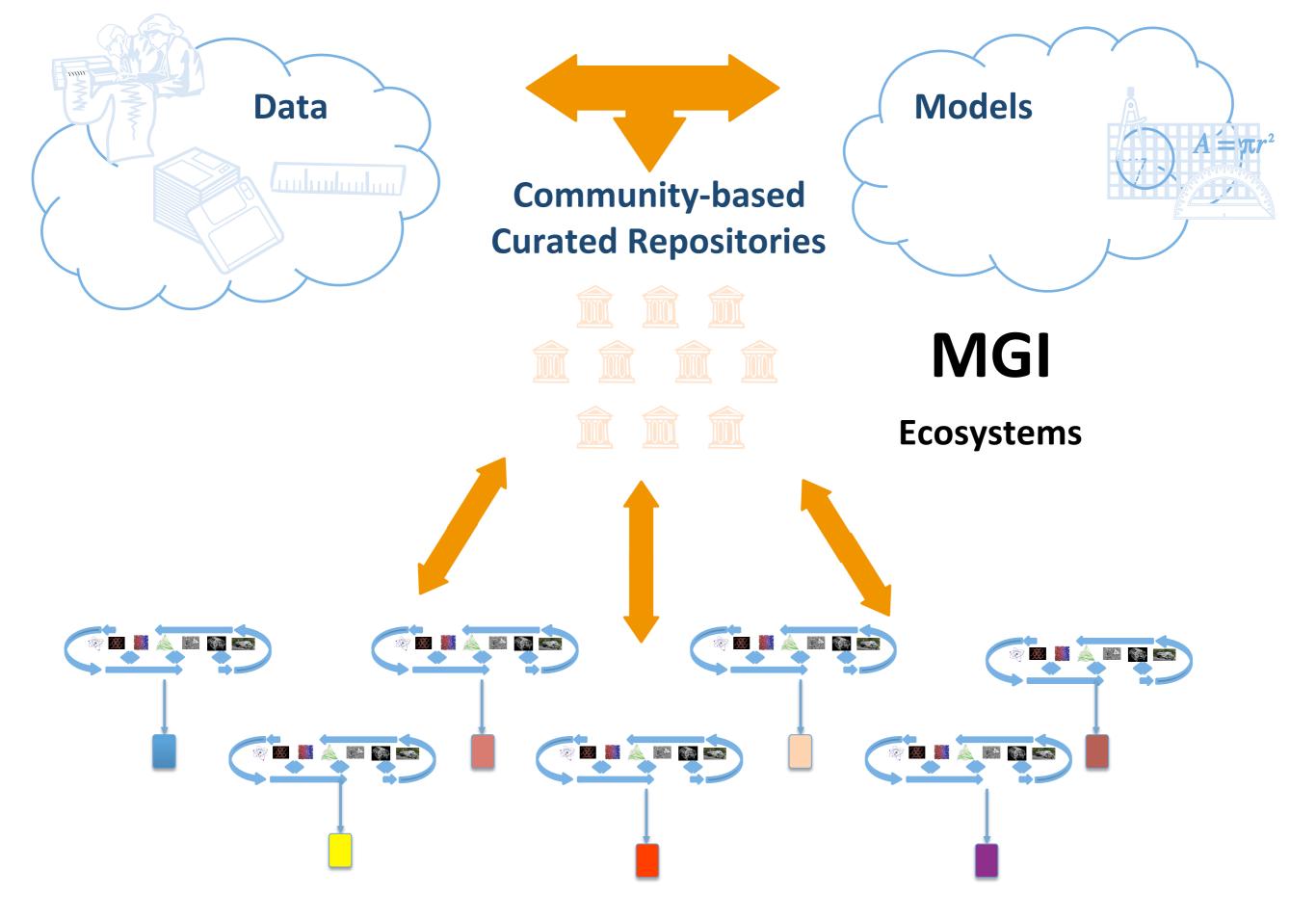
- Composition and processing affect properties
- Phases change as a function of processing
- Microstructures consist of mixtures of multiple material phases
- Finer microstructure results in a much stronger alloy

National Institute of Standards and Technology U.S. Department of Commerce

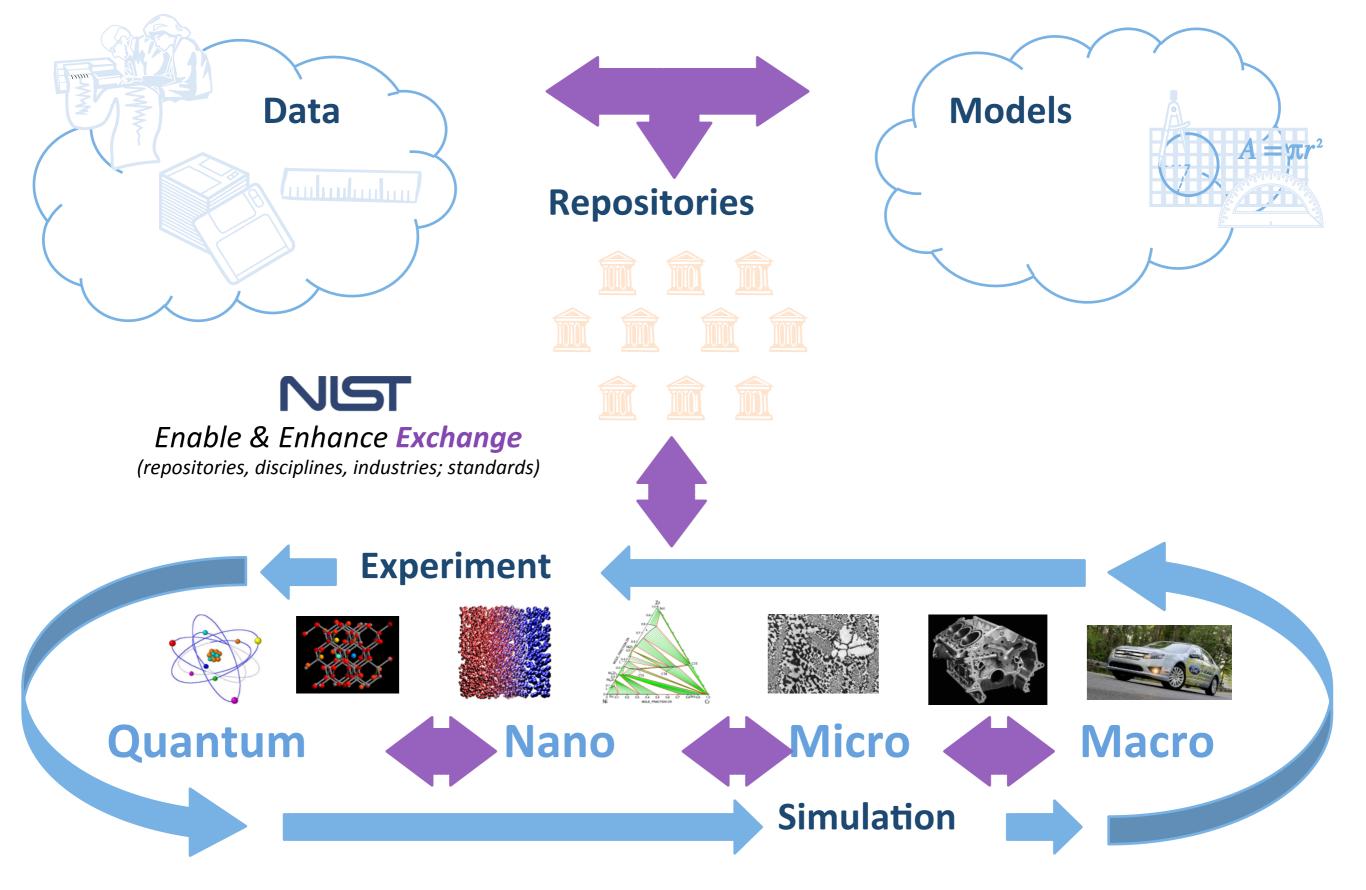


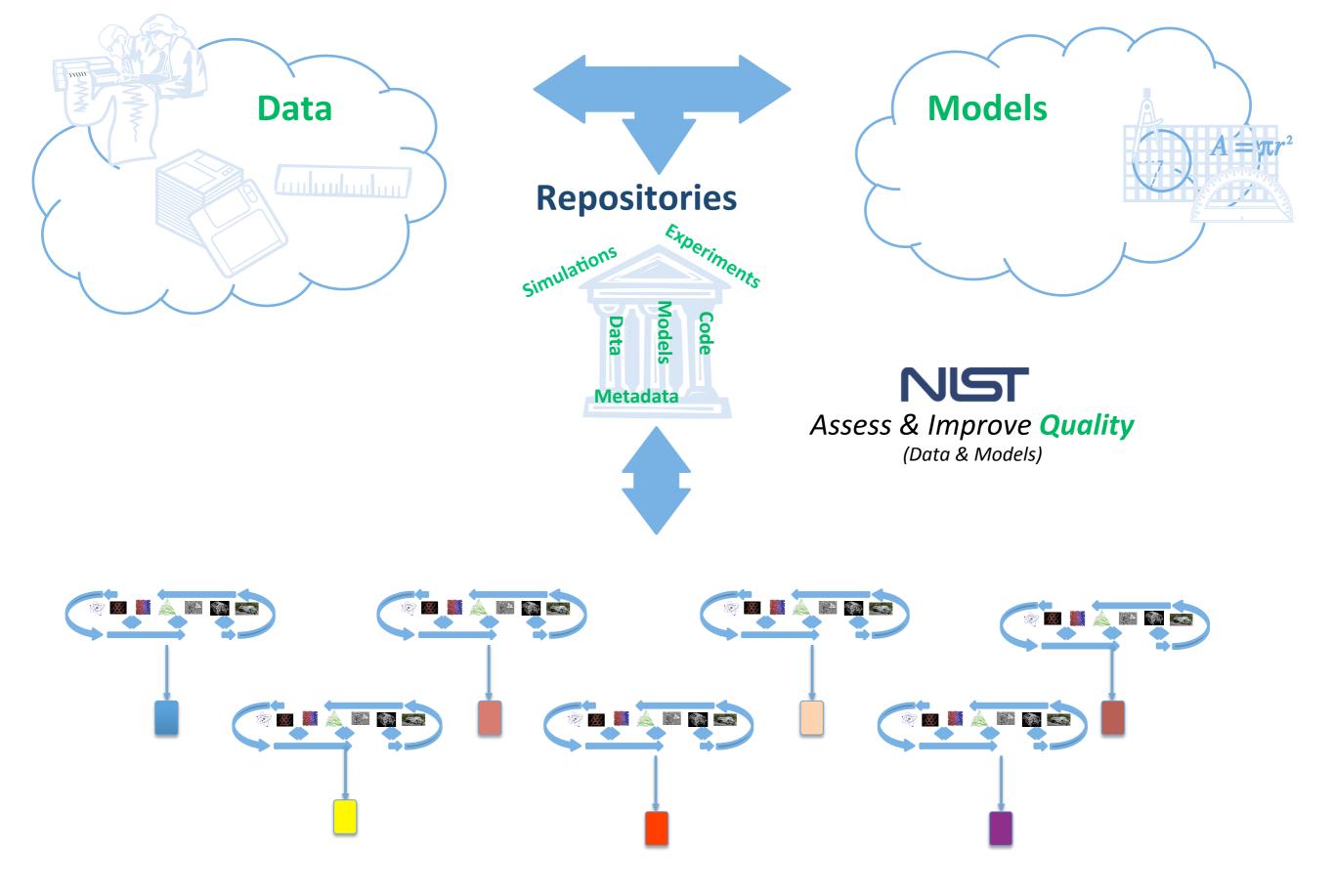
**Materials** 





**Materials w/ Targeted Properties** 





**Materials w/ Targeted Properties** 

## MGI NATIONAL STRATEGY: 4 GOALS

- Enable a Paradigm Shift in Culture
- Integrate Experiments, Computation, Theory
- Facilitate Access to Materials Data
- Equip the Next-Generation Materials Workforce

http://www.nist.gov/mgi/upload/MGI-StrategicPlan-2014.pdf



## What Should NIST Do?

## Halt!