



PaMPA : Parallel Mesh Partitioning and Adaptation

Contents

Introduction

Common needs of solvers regarding meshes

Data structures

Version 0.1

Example: Laplacian equation using finite element method

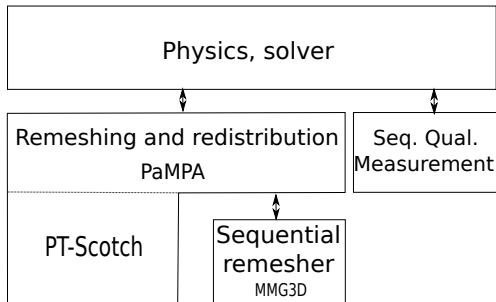
Some results

Upcoming features



Middleware

- ▶ PaMPA: Parallel Mesh Partitioning and Adaptation
- ▶ Middleware library managing the parallel repartitioning and remeshing of unstructured meshes modeled as interconnected valuated entities
- ▶ The user can focus on his/her “core business”:
 - ▶ Solver
 - ▶ Sequential remesher
 - ▶ Coupling with MMG3D provided for tetrahedra



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Common needs of solvers regarding meshes:

- ▶ Handling of mesh structures
- ▶ Distribution of meshes across the processors of a parallel architecture
 - ▶ Handling of load balance
- ▶ Data exchange across neighboring entities
- ▶ Iteration on mesh entities
 - ▶ Entities of any kind: e.g. elements, faces, edges, nodes, ...
 - ▶ Entity sub-classes: e.g. regular or boundary faces, ...
 - ▶ Inner or frontier entities with respect to neighboring processors
 - ▶ Maximization of cache effects thanks to proper data reordering
- ▶ Dynamic modification of mesh structure
 - ▶ Dynamic redistribution
- ▶ Adaptive remeshing



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Constraints

- ▶ Distributed data
- ▶ Mesh data should not be replicated for the sake of scalability
- ▶ Minimization of data exchanges
- ▶ Abstraction from actual data structure implementations

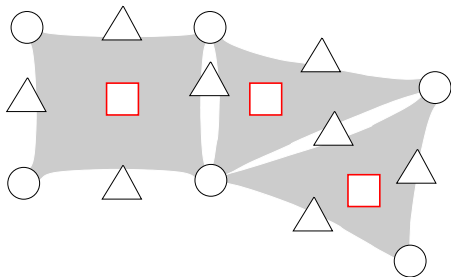


Definitions

- ▶ **Element**
- ▶ **Node**
- ▶ **Edge**
 - ▶ Internal
 - ▶ Boundary
- ▶ **Vertex**
- ▶ **Relation**
- ▶ **Entity**
- ▶ **Sub-entity**
- ▶ **Enriched graph**

Top-level mesh entity

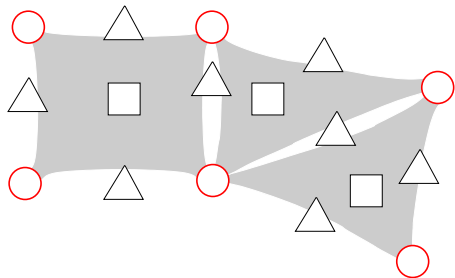
May bear some data (volume, pressure, etc.)



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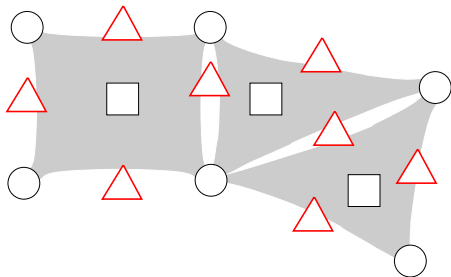
May bear some data (geometry, etc.)



Definitions

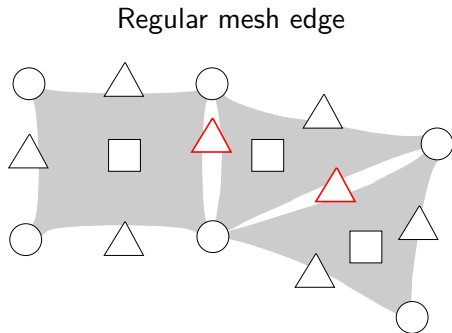
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- ▶ **Enriched graph**

May bear some data (flux, etc.)



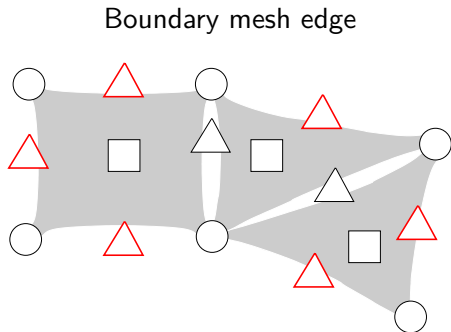
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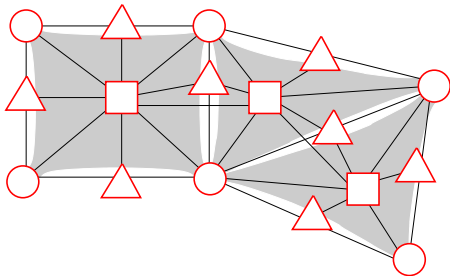
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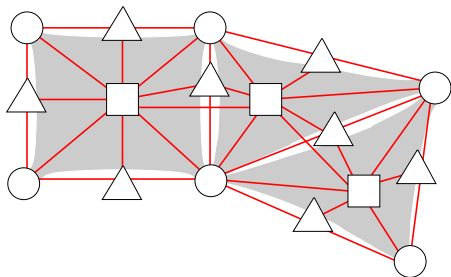
What all entities are in fact...



Definitions

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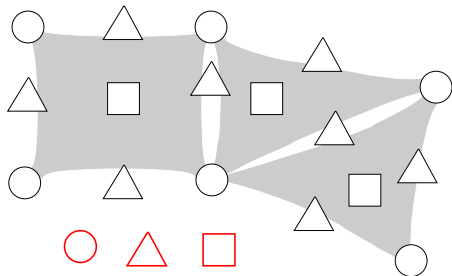
Subset of edges between vertices belonging to prescribed entity types



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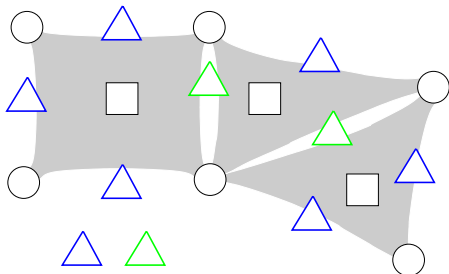
Subset of vertices bearing the same data



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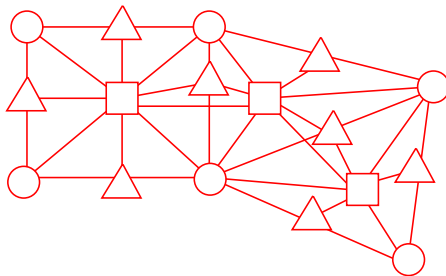
Subset of entity vertices that may bear specific data



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- ▶ **Sub-entity**
- ▶ **Enriched graph**

Whole set of vertices and relations
 Every vertex belongs to one and only one entity (and sub-entity)



Global vue

baseval

1

enttglbnbr

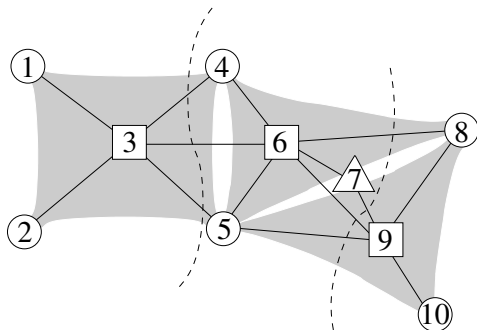
3

procnttab

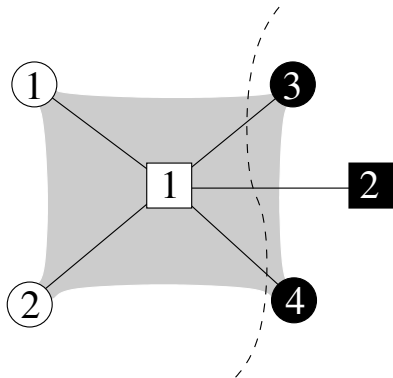
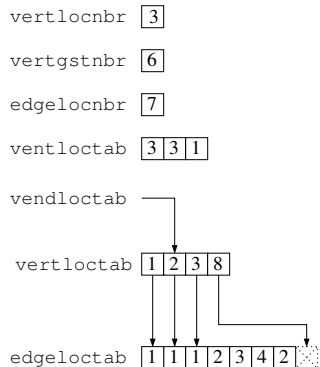
3	4	3
---	---	---

procvrttab

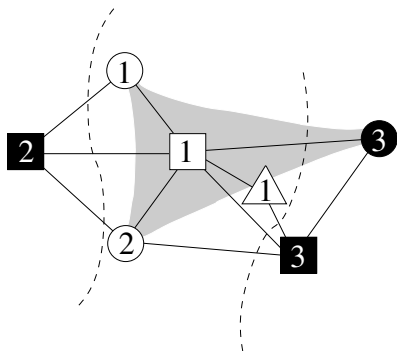
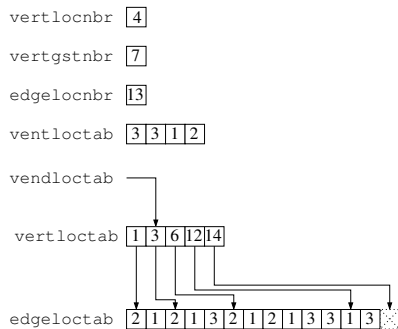
1	4	8	11
---	---	---	----



Local vision of process 0



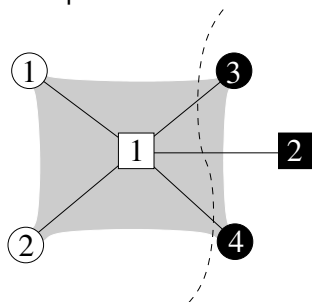
Local vision of process 1



Per-entity data (1/2)

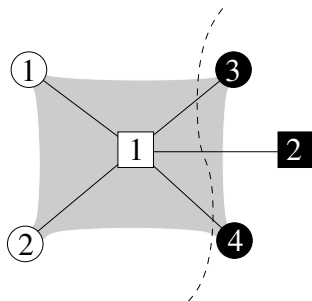
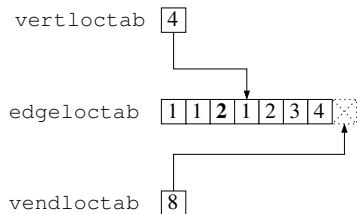
E.g. entity 1 on processor 0:

vertlocnbr 1
 vertgstnbr 2

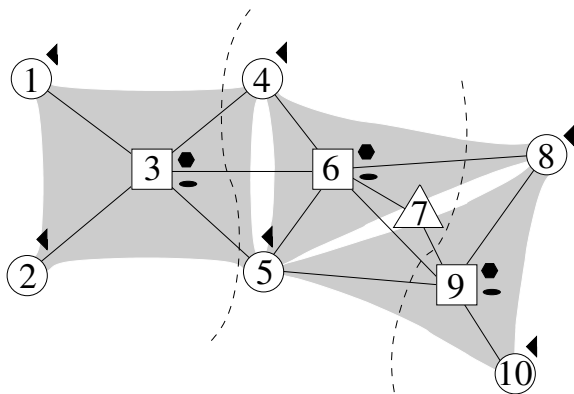


Per-entity data (2/2)

E.g. node neighbors of element 1 on process 0:



Data linking



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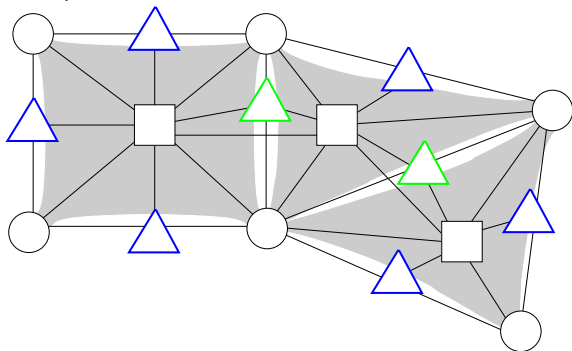
Some results

Upcoming features



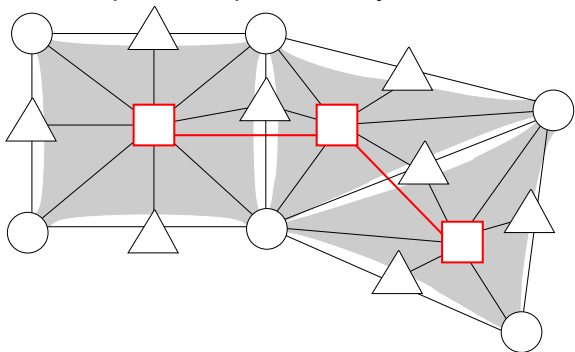
Entities

- ▶ Based (for C and Fortran interfaces)
- ▶ Simple
- ▶ Stable with respect to sub-entities



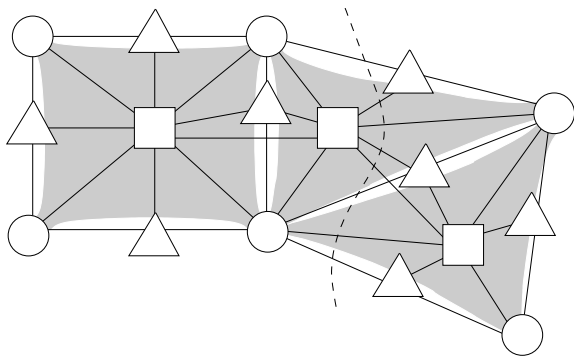
Partitioning

- ▶ Performed with respect to top-level entity



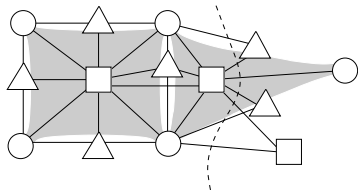
Overlap

- ▶ Of size 1 at the time being
- ▶ Extensible to any distance n
- ▶ Requires top-level relations

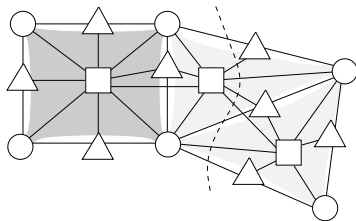


Local view of process 0

► Halo of size 1

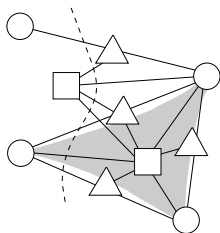


► Overlap of size 1

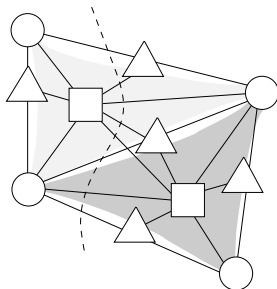


Local vue of process 1

- ▶ Halo of size 1



- ▶ Overlap of size 1



Iterators

- ▶ Entities - sub-entities
- ▶ Decrease of cache misses
- ▶ Debugging tools

```
PAMPA_dmeshItInitStart(mesh, vertlocnum, PAMPA_VERT_ANY, &it_vert) ;
PAMPA_dmeshItInit(mesh, vertlocnum, nentlocnum, &it_nghb) ;
```

```
while (PAMPA_itHasMore(&it_vert)) {
    vertlocnum = PAMPA_itCurEnttvertlocnum(&it_vert) ;
    printf("vertlocnum_: %d\n", vertlocnum) ;
    PAMPA_itStart(&it_nghb, vertlocnum) ;

    while (PAMPA_itHasMore(&it_nghb)) {
        PAMPA_Num sngblocnum, engblocnum, mngblocnum, nsublocnum ;
        engblocnum = PAMPA_itCurEnttvertlocnum(&it_nghb) ;
        mngblocnum = PAMPA_itCurMeshvertlocnum(&it_nghb) ;
        sngblocnum = PAMPA_itCurSubEnttvertlocnum(&it_nghb) ;
        nsublocnum = PAMPA_itCurnsublocnum(&it_nghb) ;
        printf( "[%d]_ngb_of_%d_with_entity_%d_(sub:_%d)_%d(ent:_%d)_%d(glb)\n",
                rank, vertlocnum, vertlocnum, sngblocnum, nsublocnum,
                engblocnum, nentlocnum, mngblocnum) ;
        PAMPA_itNext(&it_nghb) ;
    }
}
```



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All steps

```

! Parallel Mesh Computations
!-----
! Processor 0 only:
CALL ReadMesh()           ! Read mesh on file
CALL GraphPampa()        ! Build graph of vertex neighbors for PAMPA
CALL PampaCentralizedMesh() ! Build PaMPA global non distributed mesh

! On all processors:
CALL PampaDistributedMesh() ! Build PAMPA distributed mesh:
!                               1- Scatter centralized mesh on all processors
!                               2- Call PAMPA mesh partitionner
!                               3- Redistribute distribute mesh
CALL ElementVolume()
CALL InitializeMatrixCSR()

! Solution computation
!-----

CALL InitSol()
CALL FillMatrix()
CALL SolveSystem()

```



Solve system: Jacobi (1/2)

```

UaPrec = 0.          ! Suppose A = L + D + U, system to solve : A x = b
DO irelax = 1, Nrelax
  res = 0.
  DO is = 1, MatCSR%Nin
    res0 = RHS(is)          ! res0 = b
    i1 = MatCSR%Ia(is)
    i1Fin = MatCSR%Ia(is + 1) - 1

    DO iv = i1, i1Fin
      js = MatCSR%Ja(iv)
      res0 = res0 - MatCSR%Vals(iv) * UaPrec(js) ! res0 = b - (L + U) x^n
    END DO
    Ua(is) = res0 / MatCSR%Diag(is)          ! x^{n+1} = (b - (L + U) x^n) / D
    res0 = res0 - MatCSR%Diag(is) * UaPrec(is) ! res0 = (b - (L + D + U) x^n)
    res0 = res0 * res0          ! res0 = (b - (L + D + U) x^n)
    res = res + res0
  END DO

CALL PAMPAF_dmeshHaloValue(dm,                                     &
&                          enttnum = PAMPA_ENTITY_NODE,         &
&                          tagnum = INT(PAMPA_TAG_SOL, PAMPAF_NUM), &
&                          retval = statut)

```

Solve system: Jacobi (2/2)

```

deltaU      = 0.
deltaU      = DOT_PRODUCT( UaPrec(:MatCSR%Nin) - Ua(:MatCSR%Nin) ,
                           UaPrec(:MatCSR%Nin) - Ua(:MatCSR%Nin) )

res0        = 0.
res0        = DOT_PRODUCT( RHS   (:MatCSR%Nin)
                           RHS   (:MatCSR%Nin) )

UaPrec      = Ua

deltaUglb   = 0.
CALL MPI_ALLREDUCE(deltaU, deltaUglb, 1, type_real, MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, code)
deltaUglb   = sqrt(deltaUglb)

resglb      = 0.
CALL MPI_ALLREDUCE(res, resglb, 1, type_real, MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, code)
resglb      = sqrt(resglb)

res0glb     = 0.
CALL MPI_ALLREDUCE(res0, res0glb, 1, type_real, MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD, code)
res0glb     = sqrt(res0glb)

resglb      = resglb / res0glb

END DO ! end loop on irelax

```

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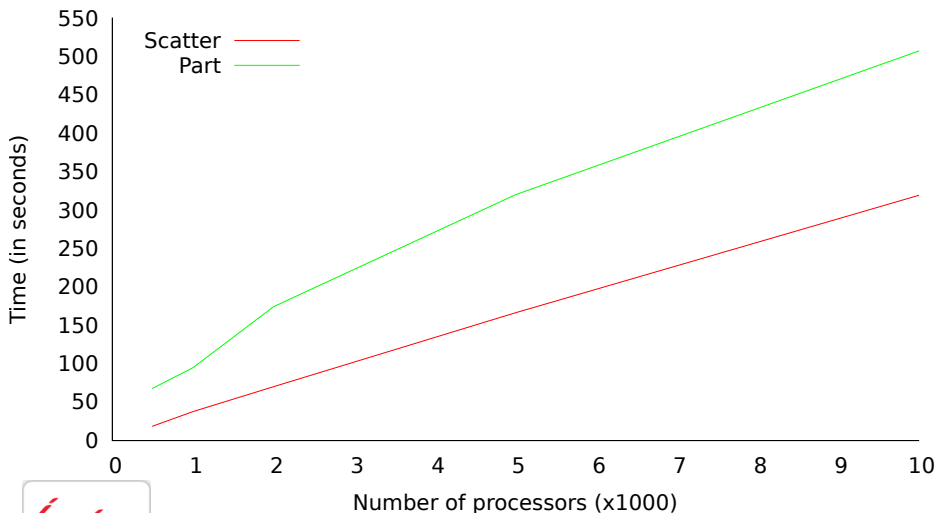
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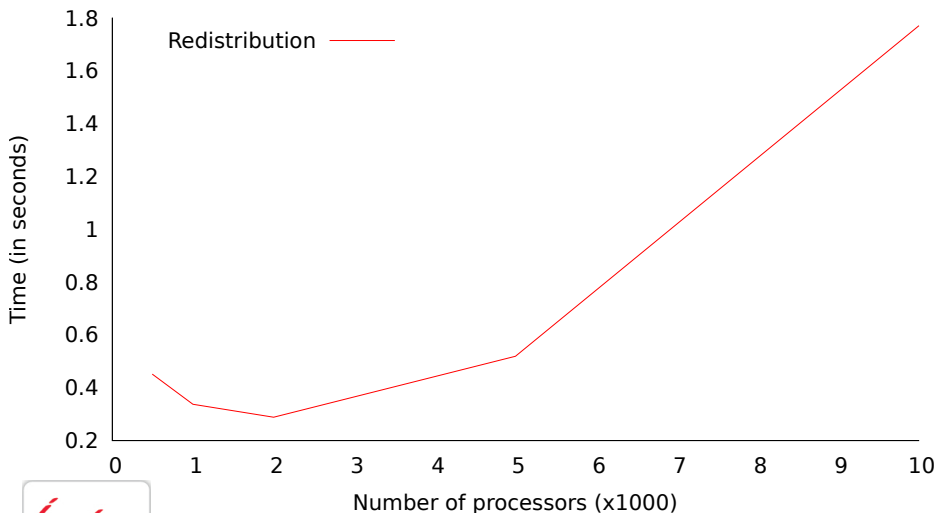
First results (1/2)

Time for distributing centralized mesh and partitionning distributed mesh



First results (2/2)

Time for distributing centralized mesh and partitionning distributed mesh



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New features

- ▶ Main idea:
 - ▶ Parallel mesh adaptation
- ▶ Others:
 - ▶ Parallel I/O with HDF5
 - ▶ Overlap greater than 1
 - ▶ Unbreakable relations



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